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Intitulé : Towards Efficient and Trustworthy Federated Learning on the Computing Continuum

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RESUME DE LA THESE

The emergence of new data privacy concerns and regulations advocates for decentralization by moving the computation at the Edge of the network, where the data is produced. Federated Learning (FL) is such a solution, running decentralized training, rather than consolidating large amounts of sensitive data on a single server, for running Machine Learning workflows. While this strategy proves effective in preserving data privacy, it also faces significant challenges in terms of practicality when deploying such FL systems at large scale on the Computing Continuum. The combination of heterogeneous, volatile, possibly defective or malicious devices greatly impacts training efficiency across decentralized environments.

This thesis makes a first step towards addressing these challenges for FL on the Computing Continuum. We propose new approaches to efficiently improve the resilience of FL systems to adversarial scenarios, and enable personalized training based on client local objectives. We further investigate how different infrastructures could be used for reproducing performance of real-world FL systems, as a first step towards understanding performance of FL systems across complex environments of the Computing Continuum.